



FEDERAL VOTING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Department of Defense
Rosslyn Plaza North
1777 North Kent Street
14th Floor, Suite 14003
Arlington, VA 22209-2162

November 16, 2011

The Honorable Rich Wardner
President Pro Tempore
North Dakota Senate
1042 12th Ave. West
Dickinson, ND 58601-3654

Dear Senator Wardner,

Thank you for the work you, your staff, and your colleagues in the North Dakota Legislative Assembly have done to support military and overseas voters. As you know, the Federal Voting Assistance Program (FVAP) is the Department of Defense office charged with implementing the *Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act* (UOCAVA), as amended by the 2009 *Military and Overseas Voter Empowerment Act* (MOVE Act). Since the passage of the MOVE Act, State lawmakers and election officials have gone to great lengths to improve voting rules and procedures for military and overseas voters. To date,

- At least 23 States have codified the MOVE Act's 45-day prior transmission requirement into State law, with others pending.
- For the 2010 General Election, 31 States tested web-based tools designed to help military and overseas voters fill out registration and ballot request forms online, and for some States, to access a blank ballot through a secure, online download.
- Six States have adopted the Uniform Law Commission's model legislation.
- All but four States have eliminated witness and notary requirements for military and overseas voters.

These developments will help expand opportunity for military and overseas voters to participate in U.S. elections. There is, however, still more that can be done. With that in mind, I want to discuss the FVAP Legislative Initiatives. Each year, FVAP contacts the Chief Election Officer and the legislative leadership in each State to recommend Legislative Initiatives that, once enacted, will expand opportunity for military and overseas voters to participate in U.S. elections.

As you know, North Dakota recently enacted SB 2120, the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act (UMOVA). As one of six States to adopt UMOVA, North Dakota has proven itself to be a leader in supporting military and overseas voters. To further expand opportunity for military and overseas voters and to improve their voting experience, FVAP recommends North Dakota adopt the following measure in statute or regulation:

- **Emergency Authority for the State Chief Election Official.** During a period of a declared emergency or other situation where a short time-frame for ballot transmission exists, the Governor, the Chief Election Official, or designated State official should have the authority to designate alternate methods for handling absentee ballots to ensure military and overseas voters have the opportunity to exercise their right to vote. Examples of such emergencies could include natural disasters such as floods, earthquakes, or man-made disasters, such as a fire, power outage or terrorist attack.

These recommendations are more thoroughly outlined in the attachment below. I have also included a chart of each State's adoption of FVAP's recommendations.

Please do not hesitate to contact my staff or me. We will be happy to provide research, sample language, or testimony—anything that will assist you in serving military and overseas voters.

Sincerely,

Bob Carey
Director, Federal Voting Assistance Program

Enclosures:

1. 2012 Legislative Initiatives and Sample Language
2. Chart: 2012 Legislative Initiatives by State

cc:

The Honorable Alvin A. Jaeger
The Honorable David Drovdal
The Honorable Ryan Taylor
The Honorable Jerry Kelsh

2012 FVAP Legislative Initiatives for North Dakota

In addition to the explanation of need for each of the Legislative Initiatives detailed below, draft legislative language is provided. This language is derived from the legislative language provided in the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act (UMOVA), drafted by the Uniform Law Commission in June 2010. A complete copy of the model legislation can be found at www.umova.org. A copy of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) as amended by the Military and Overseas Voter Empowerment (MOVE) Act is available at: <http://www.fvap.gov/resources/media/uocavalaw.pdf>.

Note: An updated 55-State /Territory Legislative Initiative comparison chart is available at: (Website address TBD by 15 November 2011).

Emergency Authority for State Chief Election Official

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Sample Language

If an international, national, state, or local emergency or other situation arises that makes substantial compliance with the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1973ff et seq., impossible or impracticable, as confirmed by the existence of armed conflict involving United States Armed Forces or the mobilization of those forces, including State National Guard and Reserve component members of this state, or by the occurrence of a natural disaster or the existence of a state of emergency, civil unrest, war, or other exigency in a foreign country, or by an official declaration by the governor that a state of emergency exists, the governor directly, or by delegation to [the state's chief election authority], may prescribe, by emergency order or rule, a special procedure or requirement as may be necessary to facilitate absentee voting by those absent uniformed services voters, or overseas voters directly affected who are eligible to vote in this state. [The state's chief election authority] shall take reasonable steps to provide absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters with timely notice of any special procedure or requirement prescribed under this section.